

The Minerals Industry in Nunavut

- Enhancing and protecting its benefits and potential is critical -

To: NPC - Regional Public Hearings 2022 DNLUP

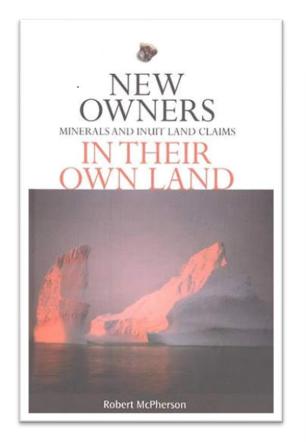
Who is the Chamber of Mines?

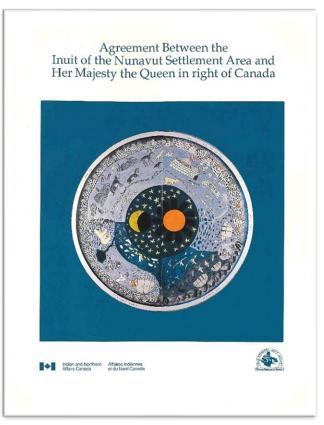
About	Mission	Vision
Since 1967, supporting responsible mineral development in the North. Offices in Yellowknife and Iqaluit. Over 200 members: • Mining & exploration • Service & supply • Indigenous and non-Indigenous	To provide leadership on, and advocate for, responsible and sustainable mineral exploration and development in the NWT and Nunavut	A vibrant and sustainable exploration and mining industry in the NWT and Nunavut which has the support of the peoples of the North.



NLCA: Inuit are Landowners and Regulators

- •Inuit are the 2nd largest landowners in the world.
- •NLUP process dates back to the Nunavut Land Claims Agreement.
- Approval of 3 signatories required.







Mining today: 4 Operating Mines and several Developing Projects

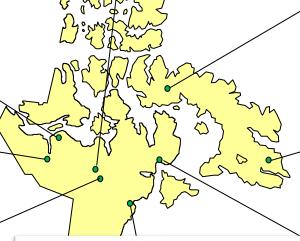


Hope Bay Mine (gold)

Back River Mine (gold)



Amaruq Mine (gold)



Mary River Mine (iron)



Chidliak Project (diamonds)



Meadowbank Mine (gold)



Naujaat Project (diamonds)



Nunavut's Unique Regulatory Process



- Nunavut has a robust regulatory process
- Signing of Inuit Impact and Benefit Agreements, IIBA's
- Community consultations







Mitigation: Industry and environmental impacts

- Industry considers the environment and implements IQ.
- Industry responds to scientific and IQ findings to reduce impacts.
- Land use and caribou can co-exist.







Mitigation: Environmental Monitoring Approaches









Mitigation: Environmental Monitoring Approaches







Climate Change and Towards Sustainable Mining

TSM Protocols

Environmental Stewardship



Tailings Management
Biodiversity Conservation
Management

Water Stewardship

Communities & People



Aboriginal & Community Outreach
Safety & Health Management
Crisis Management & Communications
Planning

Preventing Child and Forced Labour

Energy Efficiency



Energy Use & Greenhouse Gas Emissions Management



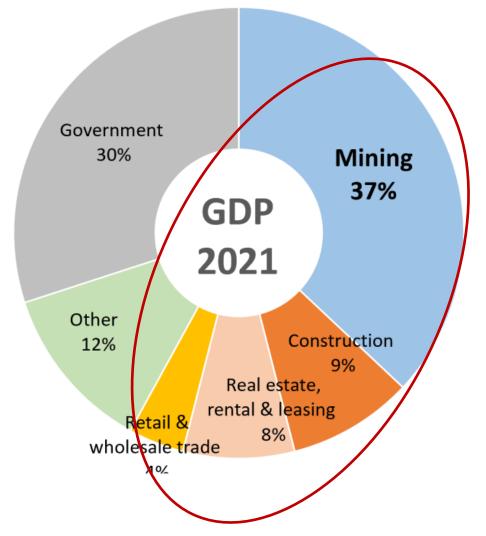




Mining is driving Nunavut's economy

Direct benefits are significant

- Indirect benefits include:
 - construction, real estate, transportation, trade, etc.





Growing mining socio-economic benefits

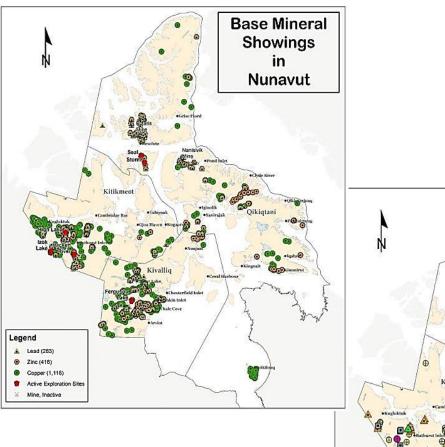
Nunavut mining benefits (2009-2020)

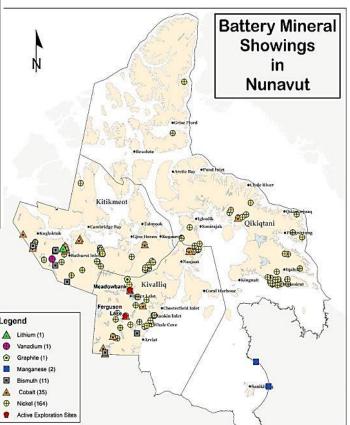
- 30,000 person-years of employment
- \$10.8 Billion in business
- \$Billions in taxes and royalties to public and Inuit governments
- \$100's million dollars to communities in IIBA payments, scholarships, donations, & community wellness projects

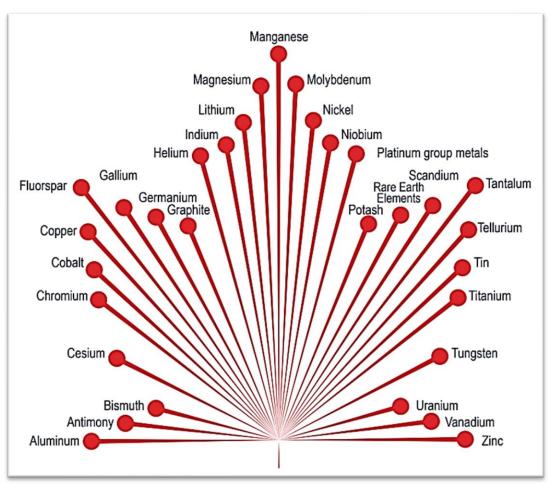
Source: Compilation of mines' annual socio-economic agreement data



The DNLUP does not support Canada's Critical Minerals Strategy





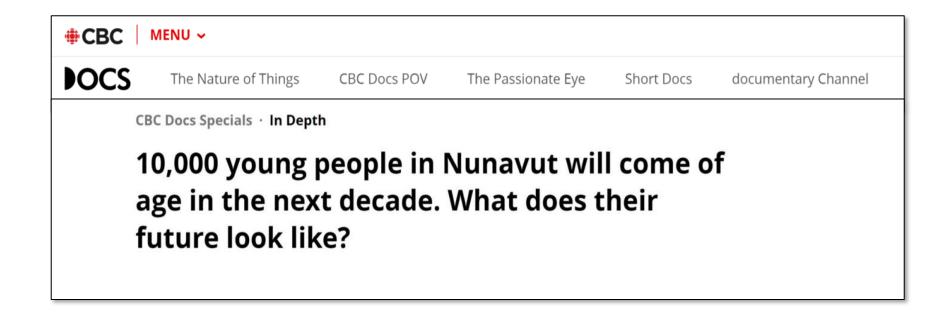




12

Nunavut will need to harness its resource potential

- To support strong and healthy communities
- To support devolution
- The current DNLUP will not help





Our member companies are helping

Millions invested by Nunavut companies towards education and training programs:

- Work-readiness programs
- On site skills and training
- Scholarships
- Youth programs
- STEM camps















AGNICO EAGLE



Baffinland



















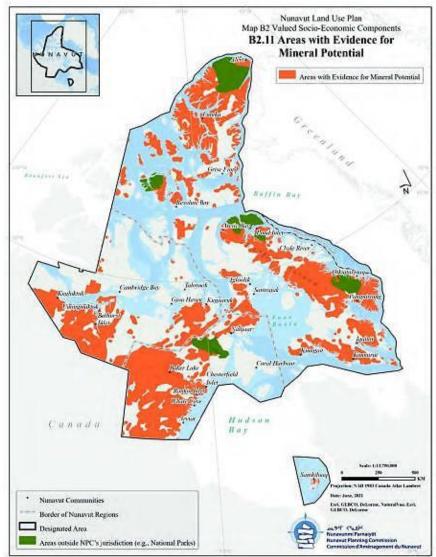


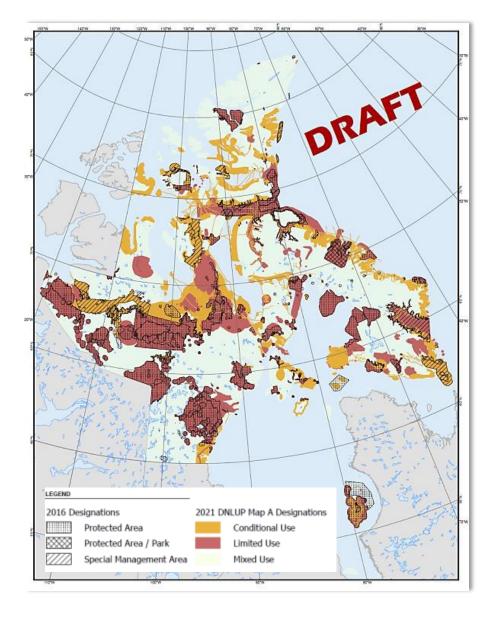






Mineral potential is at risk with this DNLUP







Our recommendations

- Balance between land development and land protection.
- Reduce the Limited and Conditional Use designations.
- Leave the conditions of usage on remaining lands to Inuit organizations, the NIRB and NWB.
- Publish all environmental values gathered to date in a guide to land users and managers.



We need a LUP that helps support development opportunities and success!

